## Longitudinal structure function $F_L$ at small x extracted from the Berger–Block–Tan parametrization of $F_2$

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The longitudinal structure function  $F_L(x, Q^2)$  is extracted at low values of the Bjorken variable x from the Berger-Block-Tan (BBT) parametrization [1-4] of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$ , which describes fairly well the available experimental data on the reduced cross sections and, at asymptotically low x, provides a behaviour of the cross sections  $\sim \ln^2 1/x$ , in accordance with the Froissart predictions [5]. In order to maintain the correct asymptotical behaviour of the longitudinal structure function  $F_L(x,Q^2)$ , it is sought in the same form as the BBT parametrization of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$ . To facilitate our calculations, the corresponding parametrizations of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$ and  $F_L(x, Q^2)$  are considered in space of Mellin momenta. This allows to find the parameters of  $F_L(x, Q^2)$ in an explicit analytical form. The extracted longitudinal structure function is in a reasonable good agreement with the available experimental data.

In Figure 1 we present an example of the extracted SF  $F_L^{\text{BBT}}(x,Q^2)$  at a fixed value of the invariant mass  $W^2 = (p+q)^2$  in comparison with the available experimental data of the H1-collaboration [6]. The shaded area represents the uncertainties in the BBT parameters obtained in [4]. It can be seen that the suggested extraction procedure describes fairly well the data, especially in the interval  $Q^2 > 5 \text{ GeV}^2$ . At lower values of the momentum transfer  $Q^2 < 5 \text{ GeV}^2$  the next-to-leading (NLO) corrections and their resummation (see, e.g. [7]) become rather important. An analogous analysis of the  $F_L^{\text{BBT}}(x,Q^2)$  at low x and  $Q^2$  with NLO taken into account will be presented elsewhere.

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Fig. 1. (Color online)  $Q^2$  dependence of the extracted longitudinal SF  $F_L^{\text{BBT}}(x, Q^2)$  at fixed value of the invariant mass W = 230 GeV, solid curve. The shaded area corresponds to uncertainties of the BBT parameters in [4]. Experimental data by the H1 Collaboration are taken from [6]

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